

BEHAVIOUR POLICY

THIS OVERARCHING TRUST-WIDE POLICY APPLIES TO ALL TRUST SCHOOLS/ACADEMIES WITHIN THE HEARTWOOD LEARNING TRUST. ALL SCHOOLS/ACADEMIES WILL MAINTAIN A LOCAL BEHAVIOUR PROCEDURE RELEVANT TO THE SETTING

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Policy Updates

Date	Page	Policy Updates
November 2022	Whole policy	'Guidance on sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools and colleges'.'This publication was withdrawn on 1 September 2022 , therefore reference to this withdrawn policy has been removed from this updated policy
November 2022	Whole policy	Policy has been updated to reflect DfE (2022) Keeping Children Safe in Education
November 2022	Whole policy	Policy has been updated to reflect DfE (2022) 'Behaviour and Discipline in Schools'
November 2022	11	Ash Guidance for Schools - Vaping (2022)
November 2022	12	Searching, screening and confiscation guidelines
November 2022	15	Structured appendix A for localised use
December 2023	Whole policy	Reformatted inline with other Trust policies
December 2023	5	1 - Legal framework updated to reflect current legislation and applicable Trust policies
December 2023	11	8 - New section added re: SEMH needs of pupils
December 2023	11	9 - Section renamed and updated to reflect current guidance/legislation on sexual abuse, harassment and discrimination in schools
April 2024	12	11 - Section on Mobile Phones added
April 2024	5	Heartwood Learning Trust Vision and Values added
January 2025	4	Introduction added in line with other Trust Policies
January 2025	6	1 - Legal Framework updated

Introduction

Heartwood Learning Trust is an inclusive and collaborative Church of England multi-academy trust serving church, community and alternative provision schools. This policy is guided by our Christian ethos and the visions of our Trust and its schools/academies. We share a clear vision – to create schools where children and young people thrive, as we help them prepare to live life in all its fullness (John 10:10).

For us, a place to thrive means much more than a place simply to be comfortable. Instead, our aim is to develop schools and an educational offer which enable each pupil to flourish academically, practically, emotionally, socially and spiritually.

Statement of Intent

The Heartwood Learning Trust believes that, in order to facilitate teaching and learning, acceptable behaviour must be demonstrated in all aspects of school life. The Trust is committed to:

- Promoting positive behaviour through recognition and reward.
- Promoting self-esteem, self-discipline, proper regard for authority and positive relationships based on mutual respect.
- Ensuring equality and fair treatment for all.
- Promote early intervention.
- Praising and rewarding positive behaviour.
- Challenging unacceptable behaviours.
- Providing a safe environment free from disruption, violence, discrimination, bullying and any form of harassment.
- Developing positive relationships with parents/carers.
- Developing positive relationships with pupils.
- Promoting a culture of praise and encouragement in which all pupils can thrive.

The Trust acknowledges that behaviour can sometimes be a result of educational needs, mental health concerns, or other needs and vulnerabilities and will address these needs via an individualised graduated response.

To help reduce the likelihood of behavioural issues related to social, emotional or mental health (SEMH), the Trust aims to create a safe and calm environment in which positive mental health and wellbeing are promoted and pupils are taught to be resilient. The Trust aims to promote resilience as part of a whole-school approach using the following methods:

- **Culture, ethos and environment** the health and wellbeing of pupils and staff is promoted through the informal curriculum, including leadership practice, policies, values and attitudes, alongside the social and physical environment
- Teaching the curriculum is used to develop pupils' knowledge about health and wellbeing
- **Community engagement** the schools/academies in the Trust proactively engage with parents/carers, outside agencies and the wider community to promote consistent support for pupils' health and wellbeing.

Where vulnerable pupils or groups are identified, provision will be made to support and promote their positive mental health. The Trust's Student Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy and Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy outline the specific procedures that will be used to assess these pupils for any SEMH-related difficulties that could affect their behaviour.

Our Trust Vision

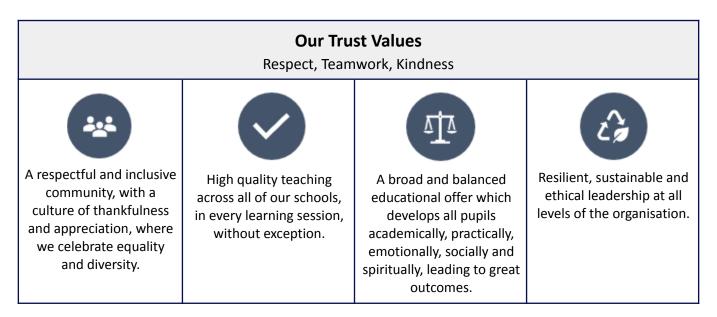
To provide environments where children and young people can thrive. *Life in all its fullness - a place to thrive*

Our ambition as a fully inclusive Trust of Church of England schools/academies, including an ecumenical Anglican/Methodist school and community schools/academies, is for all our learners to flourish and to thrive in all aspects of their academic and personal development on their personal spiritual journey; to experience "life in all its fullness", through our Trust values of Respect, Teamwork and Kindness.

Our Trust vision is closely aligned to the Church of England Vision for Education, of 'life in all its fullness' at its heart, for the common good of the whole community. We wish as a Trust to;

- Educate for wisdom, knowledge and skills: enabling our learners to build confidence and delight in seeking wisdom and knowledge and developing talents in all areas of life.
- Educate for hope and aspiration: to enable renewal, to support our learners to cope wisely when things go wrong, opening horizons and guiding learners to achieve their academic and personal goals.
- Educate for community and living well together: a core focus on positive respectful relationships in our schools, working in partnership in our communities and flourishing together.
- Educate for dignity and respect: for all our learners to respect the value and preciousness of each person, treating each person as a unique individual of inherent worth.

Our Trust vision is also aligned to the York Diocesan Board of Education (YDBE) vision of seeking to build flourishing communities in schools/academies, parishes and homes. We are part of the wider family of Diocesan schools/academies, churches and communities in the Diocese of York and enjoy working collaboratively together to further enhance the academic and personal development of young people.



1. Legal Framework

- 1.1. This policy has due regard to all relevant statutory legislation and guidance including, but not limited to, the following:
 - Education Act 1996 and 2002 revision
 - Equality Act 2010
 - Education and Inspections Act 2006
 - Health Act 2006
 - Voyeurism (Offences) Act 2019
 - The School Information (England) Regulations 2008
 - Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014
 - DfE (2022) 'Behaviour and Discipline in School'
 - DfE (2024) 'Behaviour in Schools: Advice for Headteachers and School Staff'
 - DfE (2024) 'Keeping Children Safe in Education'
 - DfE (2018) 'Mental health and behaviour in schools'
 - DfE (2015) 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0-25 years'
 - DfE (2013) 'Use of reasonable force'
 - DfE (2022) 'Searching, screening and confiscation: Advice for schools'
 - HM Government (2019) 'Reducing the Need for Restraint and Restrictive Intervention'
 - Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE) Code A and Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE) Code C.
 - DfE (2023) 'Suspension and Permanent Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement'
 - DfE (2024) 'Creating a school behaviour culture: audit and action planning tools'
- 1.2. This policy operates in conjunction with the following **Trust** policies:
 - Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
 - Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy
 - Suspensions and Permanent Exclusions Policy
 - Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy
 - Complaints Policy and Procedure
 - Child-on Child Abuse Policy
 - Anti-Bullying Policy
- 1.3. For **faith based schools**, we incorporate the Church of England guidance including;
 - Church of England Archbishops' Council Education Division and The National Society Valuing All God's Children (Archbishop's Council Education Division, May 2014).
 - Church of England Archbishops' Council Education Division and The National Society A Diocesan Board of Education for the Future (Archbishops' Council Education Division, July 2013), p. 3.
 - The Church of England Education Office Statutory Inspection of Anglican and Methodist Schools Evaluation Schedule (The National Society, September 2022).
 - The Church of England Education Office Church of England Vision for Education: Deeply Christian, Serving the Common Good (Autumn 2016).
 - The Church of England Education Office The Fruit of the Spirit: A Church of England Discussion Paper on Character Education (October 2015).

• The Church of England Foundation for Educational Leadership Leadership of Character Education: Developing Virtues and Celebrating Human Flourishing in Schools (September 2017).

2. Definitions

2.1. Low-level Unacceptable Behaviour

For the purpose of this policy, 'low level unacceptable behaviour' is any behaviour which may disrupt the education of the perpetrator and/or other pupils, including, but not limited to:

- Lateness
- Low level disruption in lessons, in corridors between lessons, and at break and lunchtimes
- Non-completion of classwork or homework
- Poor attitude
- Incorrect uniform
- Lack of equipment
- Refusing to complete homework, incomplete homework or arriving at school without homework
- Disruption on public transport
- Use of mobile phones without permission
- Graffiti

'Low level unacceptable behaviour' may be escalated to 'serious unacceptable behaviour' depending on the severity of the behaviour. Please refer to Appendix A for further information.

2.2. Serious Unacceptable Behaviour

For the purposes of this policy, 'serious unacceptable behaviour' is defined as any behaviour which may cause harm to oneself or others, damage the reputation of the school/academy within the wider community, and/or any illegal behaviour. Serious misbehaviour includes, but is not limited to:

- Discrimination not giving equal respect to an individual on the basis of age, disability, gender identity, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- Sexual violence, such as rape, assault by penetration, or sexual assault (intentional sexual touching without consent).
- Sexual harassment, meaning unwanted conduct, offensive behaviours of a sexual nature, or which affects the dignity of the individual or group of individuals such as:
 - Sexual comments
 - Sexual jokes or taunting
 - Physical behaviour like interfering with clothes
 - Online sexual harassment such as unwanted sexual comments and messages (including on social media), sharing of nude or semi-nude images and/or videos, or sharing of unwanted explicit content
- Bullying a type of harassment which involves personal abuse or persistent actions which humiliate, intimidate, frighten or demean the individual being bullied.
- Cyber bullying the use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature.
- Repeated breaches of the Behaviour Policy in line with local procedures (please refer to Appendix A for further information)

- Vandalism
- Theft
- Fighting and aggression
- Truancy and running away from school
- Refusing to comply with disciplinary sanctions
- Smoking and vaping
- Racist, sexist, homophobic or discriminatory behaviour
- Extreme behaviour, such as violence and serious vandalism
- Any behaviour that threatens safety or presents a serious danger
- Any behaviour that seriously inhibits the learning of pupils
- Any behaviour that requires the immediate attention of a staff member
- Repeated incidents of low-level unacceptable behaviour
- Verbal abuse, including swearing, racist remarks and threatening language
- Possession of any prohibited or banned items. Although this list is not exhaustive, examples of these are:
 - Knives or weapons
 - Alcohol
 - Illegal drugs
 - Vapes
 - Drug of vape paraphernalia
 - Stolen items
 - Tobacco and cigarette papers
 - Fireworks
 - Pornographic images
 - Any article a staff member reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used to commit an offence, or to cause personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the pupil)

3. Roles and Responsibilities

3.1. The Trust Board have overall responsibility for:

- Reviewing and approving the Trust wide Behavior Policy and Procedures, in conjunction with the Chief Executive Officer.
- Monitoring the policy's effectiveness in local settings via the Local Governing Committee.
- Supporting the promotion of a whole-Trust culture where calm, dignity and structure encompass every space and activity.
- Handling complaints regarding this policy, as outlined in the Complaints Procedure and Policy.

3.2. The Principal is responsible for:

- Monitoring and implementation of this policy and of the rewards and sanctions procedures in the school/academy. This includes the policy's effectiveness in addressing any SEMH-related drivers of poor/unacceptable behaviour.
- Establishing the standard of behaviour expected by pupils within the school/academy.
- developing and implementing local procedures in line with policy and central Trust guidance

- The Principal will ensure that the school/academy environment encourages positive behaviour and that staff deal effectively with poor/unacceptable behaviour, and will monitor how staff implement this policy and the local procedures to ensure rewards and sanctions are applied consistently.
- Reporting to the LGC on the implementation of this policy and the local procedures, including its effectiveness in addressing any SEMH-related issues that could be driving disruptive behaviour.

3.3. The mental health lead is responsible for:

- Overseeing the whole-school approach to mental health, including how this is reflected in this policy and the local procedures, how staff are supported with managing pupils with SEMH-related behavioural difficulties, and how the school/academy manages pupils and parents/carers with regards to the behaviour of pupils with SEMH difficulties.
- Supporting behaviour management in line with the Student Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy.

3.4. The SENCo is responsible for:

- Collaborating with the LGC, Principal and the mental health lead, as part of the Senior Leadership Team (SLT), to determine the strategic development of behavioural and SEMH policies and provisions in the school/academy.
- Undertaking day to day responsibilities for the successful operation of the behavioural and SEMH policies to support pupils with SEND, in line with the Trust's Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy.
- Supporting teachers in the further assessment of the pupil's strengths and areas for development and advising on effective implementation of support.

3.5. Teaching staff are responsible for:

- Implementing the Behaviour Policy and the local procedures consistently
- Modelling positive behaviour
- Providing a personalised approach to the specific behavioural needs of particular pupils
- Recording behaviour incidents
- Rewarding positive behaviour
- Aiming to teach all pupils the full curriculum, whatever their prior attainment
- Planning lessons to address potential areas of difficulty to ensure that there are no barriers to every pupil achieving their potential, and that every pupil with behavioural difficulties will be able to study the full national curriculum.

3.6. All staff are responsible for:

- Implementing the Behaviour Policy and procedures consistently
- Promoting a supportive and high-quality learning environment
- Modelling high levels of behaviour
- Being aware of the signs of behavioural difficulties
- Setting high expectations for every pupil
- Being aware of the needs, outcomes sought and support provided to any pupils with specific behavioural needs.

3.7. **Parents/carers are responsible for:**

- Supporting their child to adhere to the Behaviour Policy and procedures set out in the school/academy.
- Informing the school/academy of any changes in circumstances that may affect their child's behaviour.
- Discussing any behavioural concerns with a member of staff.

3.8. **Pupils are responsible for:**

- Their own behaviour both inside and outside the school/academy.
- Reporting any unacceptable behaviour to a member of staff.
- Behaving in an orderly and self-controlled way.
- Showing respect to all members of staff and each other.
- Treat the school/academy buildings and school/academy property with respect.
- Wearing the correct uniform and having the correct equipment.
- Completion of work set both in and out of the school/academy.
- Accepting sanctions when given.
- Refraining from behaving in a way that brings the school/academy into disrepute, including when outside of the school/academy.

4. Behaviour Management*

All staff have the authority and responsibility to consistently apply the Trust's Behaviour Policy and the local procedures. This includes rewarding pupils, or where necessary putting sanctions in place for those who fail to adhere to the school/academy rules, this can be both inside and outside of the school/academy.

4.1. Promoting good behaviour

The Trust promotes positive behaviours through recognising, praising and rewarding positive behaviours. Each school/academy should ensure that:

- They build and maintain positive relationships with pupils, built on respect.
- Pupils' achievements are recognised within, but also beyond the classroom environment.
- Positive learning environments are provided, where children feel safe and confident and are able to flourish.

4.2. Rewards

As a Trust we promote positive behaviour by recognising and promoting good behaviours, attitudes and achievements that meet our values and expectations.

The Principal at each school/academy is responsible for setting the arrangements for recognising positive behaviours, attitudes and achievements, based on the principles outlined in this policy. This is done through considering the age, maturity and understanding of the pupils at the school/academy. These systems are shared with pupils, staff and parents/carers to ensure a consistent and collaborative approach.

4.3. Sanctions

Staff within the school/academy will apply the appropriate sanctions to incidences of unacceptable behaviour as is set out in the school/academy's behaviour management procedures. This will also be in line with the Trust guidance to schools/academies.

Sanctions will be proportionate to the behaviours displayed, in accordance with the school/academy systems and procedures, and taking into account the pupil's age, SEND needs or any religious requirements.

4.4. Detentions

Detentions are seen as a part of a range of sanctions intending to encourage positive behaviour in pupils. Detentions may be individual, departmental, pastoral or whole school. The appropriate level of detention will be issued in accordance with the school/academy's behaviour procedures.

- Teachers have a legal power to put pupils (under the age of 18) in detention, but will act reasonably and ensure the pupils' safety is not compromised.
- If a lunchtime detention is used, staff will allow reasonable time for the pupil to eat, drink and use the toilet.
- Consent from parents/carers is not required for detentions, but the school/academy will endeavour to inform parents/carers of the detention.
- There is no requirement for notice to be given to parents/carers.

*Please refer to Appendix A for further information.

5. Classroom Management*

Teaching and support staff are responsible for setting the tone and context for positive behaviour within the classroom. Well-managed classrooms are paramount to preventing disruptive and unacceptable behaviour.

- 5.1. Staff will:
 - Create and maintain a stimulating environment that encourages pupils to be engaged.
 - Display the pupil code of conduct within the classroom.
 - Develop a positive relationship with pupils, which may include:
 - Greeting pupils in the morning/at the start of lessons
 - Establishing clear routines
 - Communicating expectations of behaviour
 - Highlighting and promoting positive behaviour
 - Concluding the day positively and starting the next day afresh
 - Each lesson is a fresh start
 - Using positive reinforcement.

*Please refer to Appendix A for further information.

6. Pupil Support

- 6.1. The Trust recognises its legal duty under the Equality Act 2010 to prevent pupils with a protected characteristic from being at a disadvantage. Consequently, our approach to challenging behaviour may be differentiated to cater to the needs of the pupil.
- 6.2. The school/academy's special educational needs co-ordinator will evaluate a pupil who exhibits challenging behaviour to determine whether they have any underlying needs that are not currently being met. Where necessary, support and advice will also be sought from specialist teachers, an educational psychologist, medical practitioners and/or others, to identify or support specific needs. Where appropriate a risk assessment will be put in place to support the staff and pupils in managing potential situations where foreseeable. When acute needs are identified in a pupil, we will liaise with external agencies and plan support programmes for that child. We will work with parents/carers to create the plan and review it on a regular basis.

7. Safeguarding

7.1. The Trust recognises that changes in behaviour may be an indicator that a pupil is in need of help or protection. We will consider whether a pupil's misbehaviour may be linked to them suffering, or being likely to suffer, significant harm. Where this may be the case, schools/academies will follow their Safeguarding and Child Protection policies and procedures.

8. Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Needs

- 8.1. To help reduce the likelihood of behavioural issues related to SEMH needs, the school/academy will create a safe and calm environment in which positive mental health and wellbeing are promoted and pupils are taught to be resilient.
- 8.2. The school/academy will promote resilience as part of a whole-school approach using the following methods:
 - Culture, ethos and environment the health and wellbeing of pupils and staff is promoted through the informal curriculum, including leadership practice, policies, values and attitudes, alongside the social and physical environment
 - Teaching the curriculum is used to develop pupils' knowledge about health and wellbeing
 - Community engagement the school/academy proactively engages with parents/carers, outside agencies and the wider community to promote consistent support for pupils' health and wellbeing
- 8.3. All staff will be made aware of how potentially traumatic adverse childhood experiences, including abuse and neglect, can impact on a pupil's mental health, behaviour, and education. Where vulnerable pupils or groups are identified, provision will be made to support and promote their positive mental health. The Trust's Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy outlines the specific procedures that will be used to assess these pupils for any SEMH-related difficulties that could affect their behaviour.

9. Sexual Abuse, Harassment and Discrimination

9.1. The Trust does not accept any form of sexual abuse, harassment and discrimination, including sexual harassment, gender-based bullying and sexual violence. The Trust's procedures for handling

child-on-child sexual abuse, harassment and discrimination are detailed in the Trust's Child-on-Child Abuse Policy.

- 9.2. The Trust will work with all schools/academies to ensure that all incidents of sexual harassment and/or violence is met with a suitable response, and never ignored. Pupils are encouraged to report anything that makes them uncomfortable, no matter how 'small' they feel it might be.
- 9.3. The school/academy will respond appropriately to any sexual harassment complaints inline with the Trust's Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy. Disciplinary sanctions for incidents of sexual harassment will be determined based on the nature of the case, the ages of those involved and any previous related incidents.
- 9.4. Where the school/academy is responding to a report of sexual violence, the school/academy will take immediate steps to ensure the victim and other pupils are protected. The DSL will work closely with the Police, and any other partner agencies as required, to ensure that any action the school/academy takes, e.g. disciplinary sanctions, will not jeopardise any ongoing Police investigation.
- 9.5. The response to any incidents of sexual abuse and/or discrimination will be:
 - Prompt
 - Proportionate
 - Considered
 - Supportive

9.6. The schools/academies within the Trust have procedures in place to respond to any concerns regarding children's safety or wellbeing. These include clear processes for:

- Responding to a report
- Carrying out risk assessments, where appropriate, to help determine whether to:
 - Manage the incident internally
 - Refer to early help
 - Refer to children's social care
 - Report to the Police

10. Smoking and Controlled Substances, including Vaping

- 10.1. In accordance with part 1 of the Health Act 2006, all schools/academies in the Trust are smoke-free and vape free environments. Parents/carers, visitors, staff and pupils are instructed not to smoke or vape on school/academy grounds. Pupils are not permitted to bring smoking materials, vaping materials, or nicotine products into the school/academy.
- 10.2. The Trust will not accept illegal drugs, legal highs and other controlled substances on any of its sites. Where incidents with pupils related to controlled substances occur, the school/academy will follow the procedures outlined in the Trust's Behaviour Policy and Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy.

11. Mobile Phones

- 11.1. The schools/academies within the Trust recognise that mobile phones, including smart phones, are an important part of everyday life for our pupils, parents/carers and staff, as well as our wider community. Whilst we are able to see the benefits provided by mobile phones, as a trust we are concerned by potential:
 - Risks to child protection
 - Impact on mental health
 - Over reliance on mobile technology
 - Impact on learning in the classroom
 - Reduced physical socialisation
 - Risk of theft, loss, or damage
- 11.2. Consequently, the Trust will not accept the sight or use of mobile phones on its school/academy sites. The appearance or use of mobile phones on the school/academy site will be sanctioned in line with the school/academy's behaviour procedures. *Please refer to Appendix A for further information*.

12. Prohibited Items, Searching Pupils and Confiscation

12.1. **Safeguarding Comes First:** While school's have the power to carry out forcible searches, the school will always put safeguarding first, taking on board the lessons learned from the 'Child Q' review.

Risk Assessment: If a student is suspected of having something in their possession that might immediately put others at risk, the school will assess whether a forcible search is a reasonable and proportionate thing to do to safeguard others.

Calling the Police: If the school has reason to think a student's carrying a weapon or illegal substances, the police would be involved.

Parents Informed Every Time: Whatever the situation, parents will be contacted whenever a student is searched.

- 12.2. Principals and staff authorised by them have a statutory power to search pupils or their possessions, without consent, where they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that the pupil may have a prohibited item. This must be undertaken by two members of staff and at least one colleague must be of the same gender as the pupil to be searched. Best practice is for both colleagues to be of the same gender as the pupil being searched. The prohibited items* are:
 - Knives or weapons.
 - Alcohol.
 - Illegal drugs.
 - Stolen items.
 - Tobacco and cigarette papers and vaping equipment
 - Fireworks.
 - Pornographic images.
 - Any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used:
 - To commit an offence; or
 - To cause personal injury to any person, including the pupil themselves; or

- To damage the property of any person, including the pupil themselves.

*The model list above was created using the DfE's 'Searching, screening and confiscation' guidance. To search for any items not listed here, staff will require the consent of the pupil being searched.

- 12.3. Pupils may refuse to participate due to some of the following reasons
 - They are in possession of a prohibited item;
 - They do not understand the instruction;
 - They are unaware of what a search may involve; or
 - They have had a previous distressing experience of being searched.
- 12.4. Schools/academies must keep records of the search, including the reason for the search, who conducted the search and the outcome.
- 12.5. Schools/academies should reinforce the whole-school approach by building and maintaining positive relationships with parents/carers. Parents/carers should always be informed of any search for a prohibited item and the outcome of the search as soon as is practicable. A member of staff should inform the parents/carers of what, if anything, has been confiscated and the resulting action the school/academy has taken, including any sanctions applied.
- 12.6. Schools/academies must analyse the data generated by this record keeping and identify if "searching is falling disproportionately on any group or groups [and] should consider whether any actions should be taken to prevent this".
- 12.7. Searches that fall outside of the normal remit of the school/academy must be approved by the Trust Safeguarding Lead before any commencement begins.

13. Behaviour Off School Site

- 13.1. Sanctions may be applied where a pupil has misbehaved off-site when representing the school/ academy*. This means misbehaviour when the pupil is:
 - Taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity (e.g. school trips)
 - Travelling to or from the school/academy
 - Wearing school/academy uniform
 - In any other way identifiable as a pupil of our school/academy
 - Sanctions may also be applied where a pupil has misbehaved off-site at any time, whether or not the conditions above apply, if the misbehaviour:
 - Could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school/academy
 - Poses a threat to another pupil or member of the public
 - Could adversely affect the reputation of the school/academy

*Please refer to Appendix A for further information.

13.2. Incidents that occur outside of school premises which are reportable to the Police (a potential crime is suspected to have been committed), generally fall under the jurisdiction of law enforcement. Our

school's behaviour policy is designed to manage student conduct, between students who are enrolled at the school, within the school environment and during school-related activities.

13.3. If we understand that a potential crime has been committed involving 'current' students, outside of school, the school and the Trust will strongly encourage parents and carers to report such external incidents to the Police and the school will also consider reporting it to the Police themselves if it is deemed appropriate to do so. We will work with the Police and also ensure a safety plan for students whilst the Police progress their investigation and make their determination.

14. Power to Use Reasonable Force

- 14.1. Members of staff have the power to use reasonable force to prevent pupils committing an offence, injuring themselves or others, or damaging property, and to maintain good order and discipline in the classroom.
- 14.2. Principals and **authorised school/academy** staff may also use such force as is reasonable given the circumstances when conducting a search without consent for knives or weapons, alcohol, illegal drugs, stolen items, tobacco and cigarette papers, fireworks, pornographic images or articles that have been or could be used to commit an offence or cause harm.

15. Malicious Allegations

- 15.1. Where a pupil makes an allegation against a member of staff and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the school/academy will discipline the pupil in accordance with this policy.
- 15.2. Where a pupil makes an allegation against another pupil and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the school/academy will discipline the pupil in accordance with this policy.
- 15.3. In all cases where an allegation is determined to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the school/academy (in collaboration with the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO), where relevant) will consider whether the pupil who made the allegation is in need of help, or the allegation may have been a cry for help. If so, a referral to children's social care may be appropriate.
- 15.4. The school/academy will also consider the pastoral needs of staff and pupils accused of misconduct. Please refer to our Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy, the Child-on-Child Abuse Policy and the Managing Allegations Against Staff Policy or more information on responding to allegations of abuse against staff or other pupils.

16. Monitoring and Review

- 16.1. This policy is reviewed annually by the Distinctiveness and Personal Development Committee.
- 16.2. Any changes made to this policy by the Trust will be communicated to all members of staff. All members of staff are required to familiarise themselves with all processes and procedures outlined in this policy and the local procedures.
- 16.3. The next scheduled review date for this policy is listed on the cover page of the policy.

Appendix A - Localised Procedures

BEHAVIOUR POLICY

	Localised School Based Procedures
School Name:	Graham School
Headteacher/Principal:	Emma Robins
Behaviour Lead:	Andrew Wilson
Designated Safeguarding Lead:	Cath Connell
Implementation Date: Inline with policy approval	June 2025

Introduction

In line with our Trust-wide Behaviour Policy, localised procedures have been established to ensure that systems and procedures reflect the school/academy setting.

The localised procedures for the school/academy setting focuses on the following key areas:-

- Expectations of Behaviour
- Rewards System
- Sanctions System

Should you have any concerns or questions relating to the localised procedures, in the first instance, please contact hello@gra.hlt.academy

Expectations of Behaviour

Around the school, pupils should:

- Be polite and show respect for other people
- Do as they are asked by members of staff first time, every time
- Wear their school uniform correctly at all times
- Look after their school (e.g., by looking after the buildings and environment / putting litter in a bin / following health and safety procedures)
- Eat and drink in the right place at the right time
- Move around the school sensibly, calmly and quietly, whilst remembering to use the one way system and keeping to the left
- Keep to designated areas as instructed by members of staff
- Follow their timetable carefully, being punctual to lessons and adhering to health and safety requirements

Non-essential movement around the school should be avoided. When moving around the school, pupils must abide by the school rules including observing one-way systems.

Break and Lunch times will be arranged by the school in a manner that supports the reduction of risk. All pupils will receive clear guidance as to the arrangements for social times, and the expectations of them during these times.

Pupils must use the toilet facilities designated to them and there must be no more than one person per cubicle. If more than one pupil is found in a cubicle, sanctions will be issued. This is likely to be seclusion. Pupils must only enter the toilet facilities if there is a free cubicle. On exiting the toilet pupils must wash and dry their hands thoroughly.

Pupils are permitted to request permission to drink still, plain water in lessons and around school from their personal drink container.

Pupils must leave the school premises in a calm and orderly manner abiding by the school health and safety requirements at all times.

Rewards System

Relates to item 4.2 in the Trust Behaviour Policy

Graham school recognises that pupils should be rewarded for good behaviour. The school/academy rewards pupils for trying hard and doing their best.

We recognise the importance of establishing a culture of positive behaviour and a complementary rewards framework which supports a calm, orderly and positive teaching and learning environment for all.

The rewards framework encourages the active and direct involvement of as many teachers and as many pupils as possible. It is essential that all pupils regardless of ability or protected characteristic(s) are given the opportunity to operate within the rewards framework.

The rewards system has two strands to engage pupils in every aspect of school life. The rewards budget will reset each academic year so that the rewards prizes can be purchased in advance.

The first rewards strand runs through all classroom based and extra-curricular activities where pupils are rewarded stamps. These stamps may then be rewarded at each year group's termly Celebration Assemblies. There may also be an opportunity to 'cash them in' for tangible rewards.

The second is a whole school rewards system that centres on pupils being rewarded tokens or slips which can then be placed in visible displays which then are used to create whole school termly draws where pupils win prizes of a more notable monetary value.

All rewards will be logged at the point of issue in the planner and centrally stored to enable a full pupil profile over time.

Rewards System - Whole School Prize Draws and Rewards Assemblies

100% Attendance Club

- Every pupil who achieves 100% attendance in an academic week will receive a ticket for The 100 Club prize draw.
- A prize will be awarded every term in a draw for 100 club ticket holders.
- Prizes will be issued for 100% attendance on a weekly basis.

Rewards Assemblies

During the rewards assemblies pupils achievement can be celebrated for the following:

- School values certificates.
- Subject specific certificates.
- Tutor stars certificates.
- DOP and BSO Award.
- Attendance certificates.
- Awards for the 'Unsung Heroes' in class.

Inter-tutor Group Competitions

Inter-tutor group competitions take place with rewards given weekly for:

- Best Attendance
- Highest Number of stamps
- Lowest Number of phases

The winning tutor group per year group may be rewarded with a whole tutor group reward such as a breakfast or other reward.

Celebration assemblies KS3

There will be two awards ceremonies each year, for KS3 pupils that celebrate exceptional effort, achievement and progress within their KS3 assessments with awards presented by subject. There may also be other awards given, such as those who excel across the whole curriculum.

Sanctions System

Relates to item 4.3, 4.4 and 5 in the Trust Behaviour Policy

Graham School follows a positive discipline policy. Teachers have the freedom to impose sanctions as they see fit depending on the behaviour, and age, of the pupil. This sanction process is outlined below.

Sanctions Pathway within the Classroom (Phase 1-3)

In terms of classroom-based sanctions, three key phases are identified. It is hoped that the majority of pupils will simply choose to spend their time with us operating within the rewards framework.

It is also expected that only a small minority of pupils will receive PHASE THREE or beyond.

It is essential that all pupils, parents/carers, and members of staff understand this framework and its consequences. At all times the intention of the procedures is to bring a halt to unacceptable working performance and from this point to encourage each pupil to engage in positive learning. Each member of staff

must also operate within the framework. The phases must be worked through in a logical manner.

Graham School operates a number of sanctions which are designed to discourage pupils from making poor behaviour choices, provide reflection upon previous decisions and encourage pupils to make better choices moving forward.

If a pupil's behaviour is unacceptable the sanctions pathway will begin. Some of the possible behaviours that will receive sanctions and therefore start the pathway within a lesson are detailed below:

- Defiance
- Disruption
- Insufficient work

Before the sanction pathway begins, a pupil should be given a clear verbal warning with the phrase 'verbal warning' used by the member of staff. If a pupil continues to behave in a manner that does not meet expectations, this will move onto a Phase 1 of the sanction pathway.

PHASE 1 - First Written Warning

Following their verbal warning, any pupil who continues to behave in an unacceptable manner will be given a Phase 1. This will be written into their planner. It will be made explicit why this is happening.

PHASE 2 - Formal Warning/Move Seat in the Classroom

Students who continue to behave in an unsatisfactory manner, despite previous sanctions will move to a Phase 2. In this Phase, teachers, where appropriate, will move a pupil to another seat within the room.

The teacher will again record the phase into the pupil's planner, and record this on Edulink. This is vital so that proactive behaviour strategies can be data informed and parents/carers alerted.

PHASE 3 - Removal / Relocation and Detention

If the teacher comes to the decision that a pupil is persisting in disrupting the lesson, despite clear warnings, they will request 'removal' for the pupil by way of Edulink. Students should be made aware that they are now at Phase 3.

Any pupil who has reached Phase 3 will have already caused considerable disruption and inconvenience so they will be removed and relocated to another room. The teacher will record the phase in the student's planner. The removed pupil should have work to complete from the class. They may also have a reading book with them as part of their daily equipment, which can be used.

The pupil should be told where to sit and to work in silence in their relocation room. The referring teacher should record the Phase 3 incident on Edulink through the in class register. This is vital so that proactive behaviour strategies can be data informed.

Although most misdemeanours which reach this level will have been cumulative and have been dealt with by working through the Phases step by step, there may be occasions when the teacher moves straight to Phase 3.

Examples of misdemeanours in lessons that move straight to Phase 3 include:

- Dangerous or unruly behaviour.
- Bullying or verbal abuse to other pupils.

PHASE THREE: On call / Relocation and Detention

- Student told why this is happening
- Third phase written into the planner
- Student relocated to another classroom with work
- Student given an after school detention

PHASE TWO: Written warning / Relocation of seat

- Student told why this is happening
- Second phase written into the planner
- Student is moved within the class

PHASE ONE: Written warning

- Student told why this is happening
- First phase written into the planner

VERBAL WARNING:

- Student given clear verbal warning

If the pupil refuses to go to the relocation room within a reasonable timeframe this may escalate to Phase 4.

Sanctions Pathway for Beyond the Classroom (Phase 4-6)

PHASE 4 - Seclusion

Where possible, Seclusion is used as a sanction that is arranged the previous academic day with pupils and parents/carers informed in advance.

PHASE 4 - Direct Placement

Students can be placed directly into Seclusion for behaviours such as:

- Refusing the Relocation Room despite being given a reasonable time frame.
- Refusing to correct their uniform.
- Use of the mobile phone and subsequent refusal to give it to staff.
- Deliberate damage to property.
- Violent behaviour.
- Grossly offensive language.
- Sharing a toilet cubicle.
- Truancy.

This list is not exhaustive.

ALL OF THE ABOVE INCIDENTS MUST BE REPORTED ON EDULINK

PHASE 4 - Booked Placements

This sanction, as with any sanction, can be reached through a gradual process of continued unacceptable behaviour or through the committing of a single misdemeanour which is considered sufficiently serious to warrant such an immediate sanction. A pupil who has been 'removed' from 3 lessons in an academic week will serve 5 lessons in Seclusion.

Whilst in Seclusion, pupils have access to a Chromebook and can complete curriculum work set using the Google Classroom platform. Pupils also have access to Sparx Maths, Sparx Science and Reading Plus.

Lunch will be taken in Seclusion and at no time will pupils be allowed to socialise with other pupils. The duration of the day in Seclusion will be from the start of Lesson 1 until the end of the school day. All pupils who are placed in Seclusion must bring their planner and equipment for the designated sessions there.

All pupils that are placed in Seclusion will be expected to complete 5 successful lessons there.

A pupil who fails to behave appropriately in Seclusion is at risk of a fixed term suspension. Students in Seclusion follow a clear process for sanctions:

- Pupils will be given three warnings by the person managing seclusion, to support them to rectify unacceptable behaviour.
- After the three warnings have been given, a member of SLT will be called to have a further discussion with the student, and to ensure that the child understands that one further misdemeanour will result in a suspension.
- Parents will also be called at this stage, in order for them to be able to support the school and their child in avoiding a suspension.

If a pupil continues to behave inappropriately after the final formal warning and discussion with SLT, they may receive a fixed term suspension.

ALL SECLUSION BOOKINGS MUST GO THROUGH THE PASTORAL TEAM

PHASE 5 - Fixed Term Suspension

Suspensions may be used for pupils who have completed all of the other levels of punishment and still continue to disrupt the learning of others. This phase is meant as the last consequence before possible permanent exclusion, and is therefore an extremely serious consequence to their behaviour.

Fixed term suspensions may be issued for a range of serious behaviour incidents and are used in order to sanction a pupil for either the severity of an incident, or a pupil's cumulative behaviour. Reasons for a fixed term suspension include, but are not limited to:

- Defiance.
- Threatening or intimidating behaviour to staff.
- Unprovoked serious assault on a pupil.
- Use of racist, homophobic or disablist language towards a pupil or a member of staff.
- Persistent bullying.
- Possession of or being under the influence of illegal substances.
- Possession of a weapon on school premises.

Seclusion Sanction Pathway

1. Verbal Warning - student visual reminder recorded. Student informed of the next stage if unacceptable behaviour continues.

2. Formal Warning - student visual reminder recorded, repeat lesson issued. Student informed of the next stage if unacceptable behaviour continues.

3. Formal Warning - student visual reminder recorded, pastoral staff discussion and phone call home. Student informed of the next stage if unacceptable behaviour continues.

4. Formal Warning - student visual reminder recorded, SLT staff discussion. Student informed of the next stage if unacceptable behaviour continues.

5. Student Suspended

The length of the suspension will depend on the seriousness of the incident and the circumstances surrounding it.

The decision to suspend is the Principal's decision alone. Once the decision to suspend has been taken, parents/carers should be contacted and, if possible, the pupil should be collected immediately. Work must be arranged for pupils to complete via Google Classroom for all suspensions of more than one day.

A readmission meeting involving the pupil, parent or carer and the appropriate staff member should take place before the pupil returns to school.

- Details of the timing of the meeting will be contained in the suspension letter.
- Prior to the meeting the office will produce a re-admission document that will be completed during the meeting.
- The meeting should review the reasons for the suspension, set targets for behaviour and detail the pupil, parent/carer and staff member's voice.
- Interventions to support the pupil in amending their behaviour will be offered.

PHASE 6 - Permanent Exclusion

Permanent exclusion from school is a last resort when all attempts to modify a pupils' behaviour have failed, he/she will not conform to school rules and their behaviour is having a serious impact on the learning of others. Prior to this action being taken the school should have involved a number of outside agencies. Permanent exclusions could also be used for serious incidents such as:

- Dealing in illegal substances
- Assault on a member of staff
- Bringing a prohibited item onto school premises.

This decision can only be made by the Principal and then has to be ratified by the Governor's Disciplinary Committee.

Sanctions Pathway for Unstructured Time

Students need to have it made clear to them how they are expected to behave around school - on the corridors, in the dining room and outside. This will be done at the beginning of the year in Form Tutor time and assemblies. There should be regular reminders throughout the year.

PHASE 1 - Verbal Warning

If appropriate, pupils should be given a verbal warning to provide time to correct their behaviour. If a pupil's behaviour continues to be unacceptable the sanctions pathway will begin.

PHASE 2 - Formal Warning

If the pupil moves to Phase 2, the member of staff will record this onto Edulink through the behaviour section on Edulink and record the phase in the student's planner. This is vital so that proactive behaviour strategies can be data informed. If the pupil continues to not follow instructions then this will move to a Phase 3.

PHASE 3 - Detention

If a pupil's behaviour continues to be unacceptable the sanctions pathway will continue into a Phase 3 - Outside of Lesson. This will be written into the student's planner.

The Phase 3 - Outside of Lesson should be recorded on Edulink via the Behaviour section with a detention being issued on the next available slot the following day.

PHASE 4 - Seclusion

Students can be placed directly into seclusion for:

- Refusing Seclusion despite being given a reasonable time frame.
- Refusing to correct their uniform.
- Use of the mobile phone and subsequently refusing to give this to staff.
- Deliberate damage to property.
- Violent behaviour.
- Grossly offensive language.
- Sharing a cubicle.
- Truancy.
- Refusing a reasonable request from a senior member of staff.
- Receiving nine written phases in their planner.

All the above incidents must be reported on Edulink.

PHASE 5

This operates in the same way as the 'Sanctions Pathway Within the Classroom' section.

Reports, Detentions, Lates, Planner, Equipment and Uniform

i) Reports

Repeated behaviour issues will result in pupils being monitored via report, the level of report being linked to the frequency and seriousness of the behaviour issues presented:

- Tutor Report
- Head of Year/Subject Report
- Senior Leader Report

All reports will be communicated with parents/carers.

Persistent Disruptive Behaviour:

Students who accrue a significant number of behaviour codes, lesson removals and/or fixed term suspensions will be monitored by being placed upon behaviour report. The reports that may be used are:

- **Tutor report** initial report for monitoring a pupil across all subject areas. This is tracked by the pupil's form tutor who will apply additional praise and sanctions in line with pupil performance whilst on report. The tutor will contact home to confirm the start and successful end to this type of report. The report lasts a period of two weeks and must be signed by parents/carers on a daily basis. This will be checked by the form tutor each day. This report will be triggered by five lesson removals in a half term.
- **Subject Report** Initial report to monitor pupil behaviour and attitude in an identified subject. The DOL or subject lead staff will track this report and apply additional praise and sanctions in line with the pupil performance whilst on report. The DOL/Subject Lead will contact home to confirm the start and successful end to this type of report. The report lasts a period of two weeks and must be signed by parents/carers on the same day the pupil has a particular lesson. This will be checked by the DOL/Subject Lead after each lesson of a given subject.
- **DOP Report** The DOP will monitor a pupil's behaviour and attitude when the tutor report has not been successful or when there has been a serious concern raised regarding a pupil's behaviour/attitude. A face to face parent/carer meeting with the DOP will be held prior to the report starting, which will outline further support which may be needed at this stage such as a Pastoral Support Plan or referral to additional support. The report lasts a minimum period of two weeks and must be signed by a parent/carer each day. The report will be checked by the DOP each day. The DOP will apply additional praise and sanctions as a result of the pupil's performance whilst on DOP report.
- **SLT report** Where previous reports have failed, the child may be placed on report to a member of the senior leadership team. Parents will be informed of the student's targets and will be expected to check the child's report and sign it on a daily basis. The report will last a minimum of two weeks.

ii) Detentions

Students may be sanctioned with a detention for their lack of organisation which is limiting their ability to access their learning. Detentions at Graham School take place after school. If a child has one detention to sit on a particular afternoon, it will last for 25 minutes. If a pupil has two detentions to sit on a particular afternoon, they will last until 4pm.

In the event that a pupil misses a detention, they will be given the opportunity to resit the detention the next day they attend school, without extension, the following day. If they fail to attend this second detention, pupils will be placed into seclusion for the following day.

iii) Late to lesson

Lates should be tracked by the teacher. If a pupil arrives after the lesson has started, they are deemed to be late. If a pupil is late, the teacher will write a late phase into the student's planner. If a pupil is late on three occasions the teacher should allocate a detention on Edulink through the in class register. Every third late following results in a detention. This does not reset during the academic year.

iv) Planner

As pupils arrive at school, staff check that they have their planner. A tutor will also check that pupils have their planner and have the correct uniform each morning. The first time that a pupil does not have a planner they will be issued a planner sheet for the day. Any subsequent times that the planner is forgotten within the same half term, the pupil will be placed in Seclusion until the end of the school day or until their planner is brought in for them.

v) Equipment

Student are expected to bring the following each day to school:

- Pen
- Pencil
- Ruler
- Planner
- Reading Book
- School Bag

A check of equipment should take place in the morning by the Tutor. If pupils do not have the correct equipment on a regular basis please inform the DOP so that this can be addressed.

vi) Uniform

Students will have their uniform checked when they arrive at school and during tutor time. This is either on the school gate or through the reception if a pupil is late. Students who are in the incorrect uniform will have the opportunity to borrow school uniform which must then be returned at the end of the school day. They will be expected to leave an item of their own belongings prior to being loaned the item of clothing.

If a pupil refuses to wear the uniform provided within a reasonable timeframe this will be dealt with as refusal.

Sanctions Tariff

It is intended that all sanctions are dealt with consistently and hope that by providing these guidelines to parents, pupils and staff, everybody is clear what range of sanctions may be imposed for different types of inappropriate behaviour.

Please note that some of the school sanctions taken for some of these behaviour would go alongside the involvement of the police.

NB: these are guidelines and staff may feel it necessary to make modifications depending on particular individual cases.

	Parents Contacted	Departmental eg subject report	Whole School detention	Seclusion	Suspension	Permanent Exclusion
		In the	Classroom			
Classroom Disruption						
Persistent Disruption whole school						
Lack of homework						

Insufficient work						
Lateness to lesson						
Truanting from lesson						
Persistent Lateness to lessons						
Persistent truanting						
Lack of response to departmental action						
	•					
	Parents Contacted	Departmental eg subject report	Whole School detention	Seclusion	Suspension	Permanent Exclusion
		Toward	s Equipment	•	•	•
Use of mobile, ear pods in school						
Inappropriate use of equipment						
Deliberate damage to property						
Theft of equipment						
Repeated theft of equipment						
Vandalism						
Graffiti						
	Parents Contacted	Departmental eg subject report	Whole School detention	Seclusion	Suspension	Permanent Exclusion
		Towa	rds Others			
Dealing in a controlled substance						
Physical aggression towards staff						
Dangerous behaviour						
Inappropriate language towards staff						
Bullying						
Smoking / Vaping						
Defiance / Refusal						

Possession of illegal substance			
Possession of alcohol in school			
Carrying of weapons (knives; fireworks etc.)			
Extortion			
Theft/deliberate damage of property			
Interfering with others' work			
Fighting			
Prejudice based behaviour			